You won't find a better selection of incontinence products anywhere else in China. As a baby diaper manufacturer, we provide incontinence products from baby diaper, infant diapers to baby nappy, baby disposable diaper, teen baby diaper, big baby diaper, cotton diaper, R-type baby diaper, diaper liner, baby diaper covers and else parts. So here is a big incontinence products warehouse, you could find whichever type you need.

Girl baby diaper is composed of leak guard, cloth film, strong fixing tapes, elastic waist, wetness indicator, transfer layer, super absorption powder and so on. They are always with soft elastic waistband to make diaper fit better and provide more protection. Incontinence pads in exclusive "u" design softly hold your baby's legs which prevent side leaking and also protect your baby's skin. Its breathable cover evacuates moisture and heat, and accelerates air circulation. Infant diapers with various lovely cartoon patterns can not only soak in urine quickly, but also make your baby joy. Remember, when you replace diapers, make sure to pull up the back of the clean diaper high enough to prevent leaks. To be a good baby diaper manufacturer, we are committed to baby sanitary protection. Our incontinence nappy products, baby disposable diaper, teen baby diaper, big baby diaper, cotton diaper, R-type baby diaper, diaper liner, baby diaper covers and else parts are comfortable for baby and convenient for Mummy as its diaper liner can be changed conveniently.
How to Change Baby Nappy?

1. Lie your baby on his back - on any clean, safe (not high) warm surface.
2. Take off the used nappy and place out of reach.
3. Gently wipe your baby's nappy area using a baby wipe, or warm water with cloth or cotton wool.
4. Dry the area (not necessary if you've used a wipe).
5. Lift your baby's legs up and place the clean nappy underneath his bottom.
6. If you're using a disposable, the edge with the tapes should be at the top about level with your baby's waist, and the absorbent side of the nappy should go against his skin.
7. If you're using a cloth nappy, the widest part should go under your baby's waist.
8. Bring the bottom edge of the nappy up between your baby's legs.
9. To adjust the fit, stick the tapes on the underneath side to the front of the nappy or use grips or pins to fasten a cloth nappy.
10. You may want to use a baby barrier cream to help prevent nappy rash - ask your midwife or health visitor about this.

Diaper Hygiene

It is important to wash diapers thoroughly; any traces of ammonia will irritate your baby's skin, and fecal bacteria could cause infection. Strong detergents could also irritate your baby's skin, so start by using soap flakes and test a new detergent with a single diaper that you use and then isolate. Watch for irritation. If no irritation develops, you may use that detergent. There is no need to boil diapers unless they are very stained or have become rather gray; just use hot water for both rinsing and washing.

Washing Routine

Establishing a routine of washing will make life easier, especially if you try to wash the diapers in large loads. To do this, of course, you will need a large supply of diapers - at least 24. You'll use 8-12 diapers a day for a newborn, so two dozen diapers means diaper washing every two or three days. The more diapers you have, the less often you have to do the wash.

Choose a diaper pail with a locking lid, and make sure that the pail is small enough to lift when it is full of wet diapers. Many pails have a special compartment for a deodorizing disk, a useful feature. Make sure, however, that the disks you use are nontoxic; small children have been known to eat them because they smell good. You will also want to use a plastic garbage bag to line the pail. Diaper services provide deodorizers and bags.

When you change a diaper, put wet diapers in the lined pail. Shake feces off soiled diapers into the toilet, flush, and put the diaper in the pail. When you are ready to do the wash, dump the diapers into the machine and add detergent. (If you are using soap flakes, they must go in first.) Let machine fill with hot water and then add bleach if you wish. Bleach makes the diapers whiter, but it weakens the fabric and may irritate the baby's skin.

Test a sample diaper on the baby before using bleach on the whole load.

Run the full cycle and then run the machine again with just hot water to rinse thoroughly. Diapers should be dried thoroughly in a tumble dryer. Avoid fabric softeners, since they will make the cloth less absorbent.

Plastic pants will become hard and unusable if you wash them in water that is either too hot or too cold. Wash them in warm water with a little dishwashing liquid, then pat them dry and let them air before using. If they do become hard, you can soften them in a tumble dryer with a load of towels.